

27.901 interviews
18 > 27 / 03 / 2017

1.048 interviews
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Methodology: face-to-face

1. COUNTRY HIGHLIGHTS

Seven in ten respondents in Croatia consider climate change to be a 'very serious' problem (70%, EU average 74%). However, fewer than one in ten see it as the most serious problem facing the world (8%, EU average 12%), a 9 percentage point decline since the previous survey in 2015.

Less than four in ten of those surveyed (38%, EU average 49%) say they have taken personal action to fight climate change in the past six months, yet when given specific examples this more than doubles, to 82%, suggesting that many do not associate certain actions with tackling climate change.

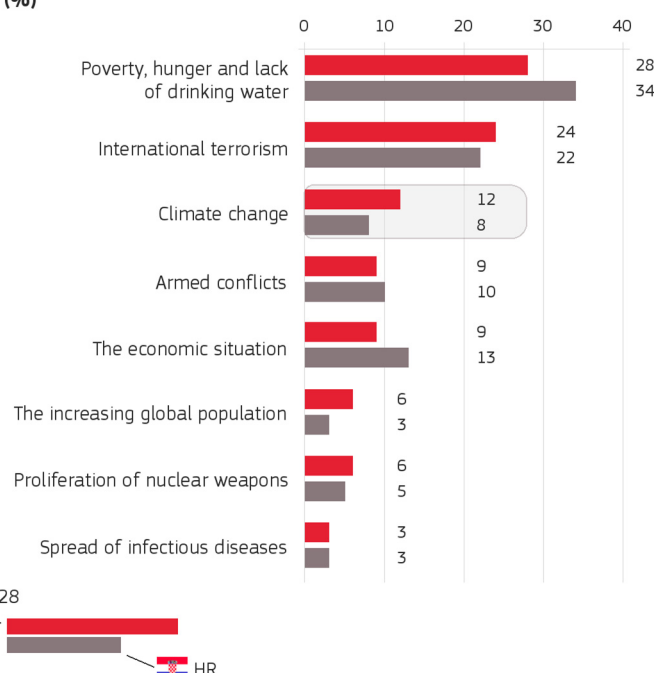
- Over half of respondents in Croatia try to reduce waste and regularly separate it for recycling (54%, EU average 71%), while more than four in ten try to cut down on consumption of disposable items whenever possible (44%, EU average 56%).

- Just over one-third say they buy locally produced and seasonal food whenever possible (35%, EU average 41%), a share that has fallen by 5 pp since 2015.

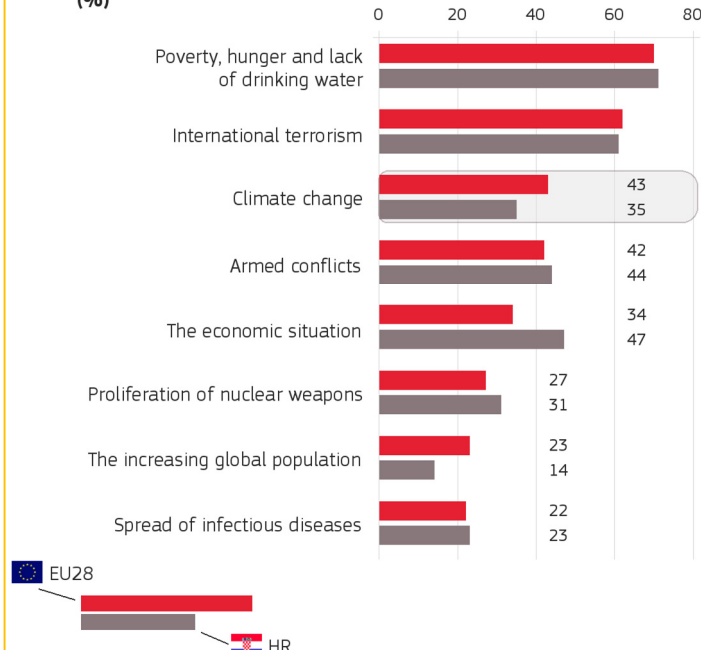
Respondents in Croatia are more likely than the average EU respondent to agree that fighting climate change and using energy more efficiently can boost the economy and jobs in the EU (84%, EU average 79%) and that promoting EU expertise in new clean technologies to third countries can benefit the EU economically (82%, EU average 77%).

2. EUROPEAN PERCEPTIONS OF CLIMATE CHANGE 1/2

QC1a Which of the following do you consider to be the single most serious problem facing the world as a whole?
(%)



QC1T Which of the following do you consider to be the single most serious problem facing the world as a whole? Which others do you consider to be serious problems? (MAX. 4 ANSWERS)
(%)



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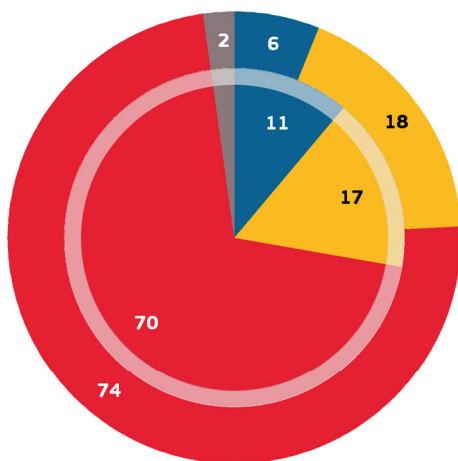
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3. EUROPEAN PERCEPTIONS OF CLIMATE CHANGE 2/2

QC2 And how serious a problem do you think climate change is at this moment? Please use a scale from 1 to 10, with '1' meaning it is "not at all a serious problem" and '10' meaning it is "an extremely serious problem".

(%)



● Total 'Not a serious problem' (1-4)

● Total 'A fairly serious problem' (5-6)

● Total 'A very serious problem' (7-10)

● Don't know

EU28 ■ Outer pie

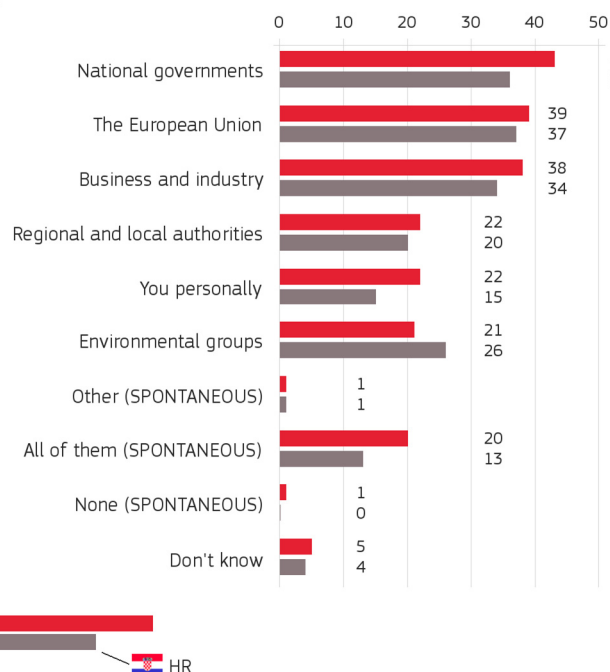
HR ■ Inner pie

EU28		HR	
2017	2017-2015	2017	2017-2015
6	- 2	11	+ 2
18	- 4	17	- 4
74	+ 5	70	+ 1
2	+ 1	2	+ 1

4. TAKING ACTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE 1/2

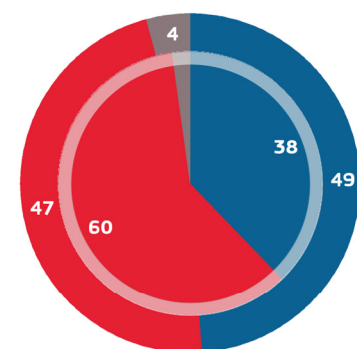
QC3 In your opinion, who within the EU is responsible for tackling climate change? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

(%)



QCS Have you personally taken any action to fight climate change over the past six months?

(%)



EU28 ■ Outer pie

HR ■ Inner pie

● Yes

● No

● Don't know

EU28		HR	
2017	2017-2015	2017	2017-2015
49	=	38	=
47	=	60	+ 3
4	=	2	- 3

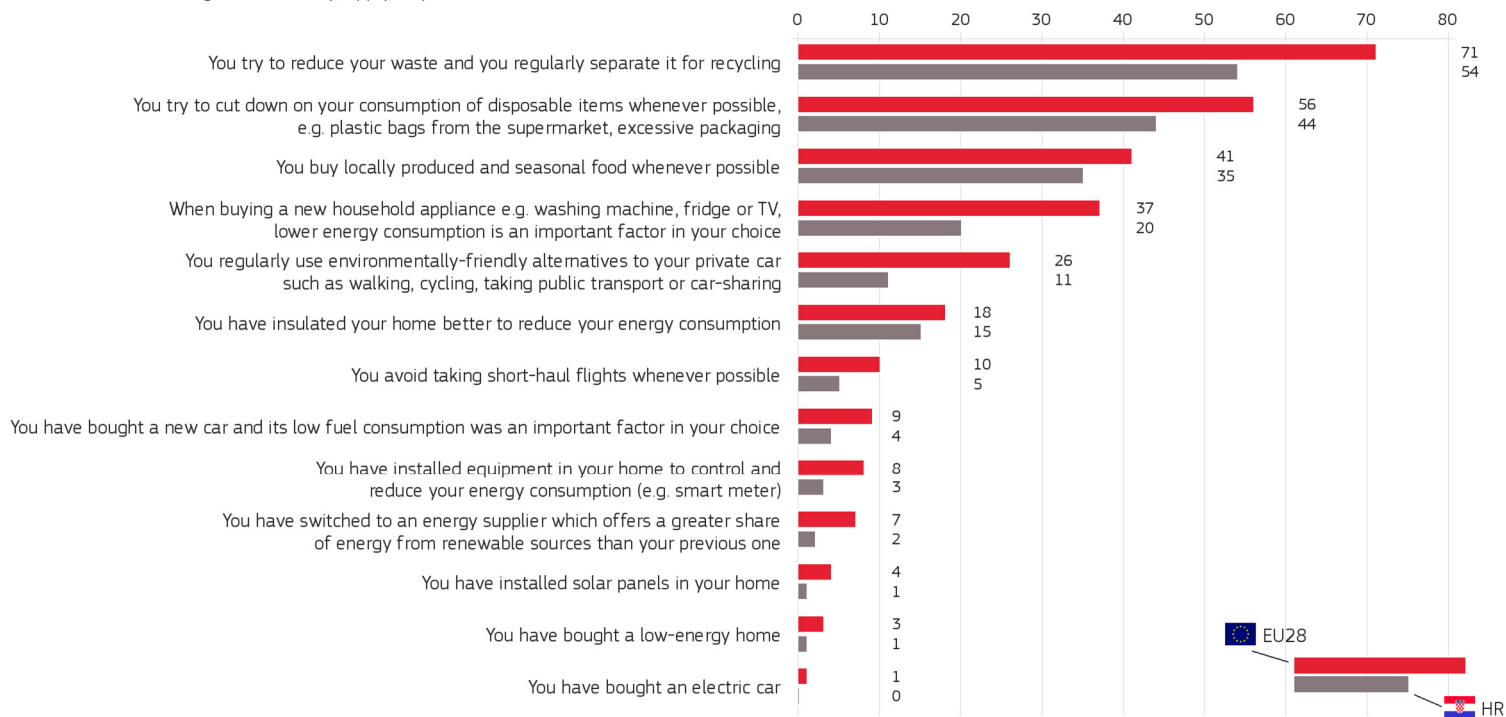
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5. TAKING ACTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE 2/2

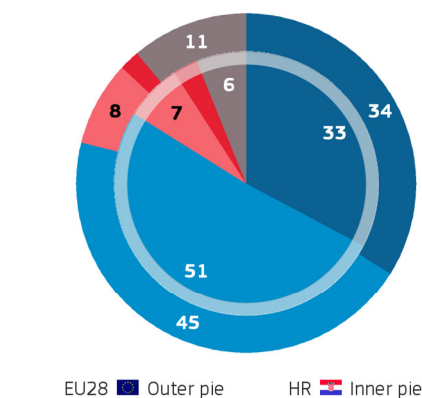
QC6 Which of the following actions, if any, apply to you? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)



6. ATTITUDES TO FIGHTING CLIMATE CHANGE

QC4.1 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?

Fighting climate change and using energy more efficiently can boost the economy and jobs in the EU (%)

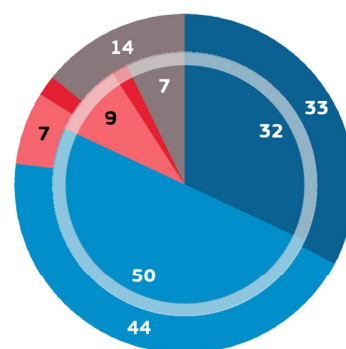


EU28  Outer pie HR  Inner pie

	EU28		HR	
	2017	2017-2015	2017	2017-2015
Totally agree	34	- 3	33	- 6
Tend to agree	45	+ 1	51	+ 9
Tend to disagree	8	- 1	7	- 1
Totally disagree	2	=	3	=
Don't know	11	+ 3	6	- 2

QC4.2 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?

Promoting EU expertise in new clean technologies to countries outside the EU can benefit the EU economically (%)



EU28  Outer pie HR  Inner pie

 Totally agree
 Tend to agree
 Tend to disagree
 Totally disagree
 Don't know

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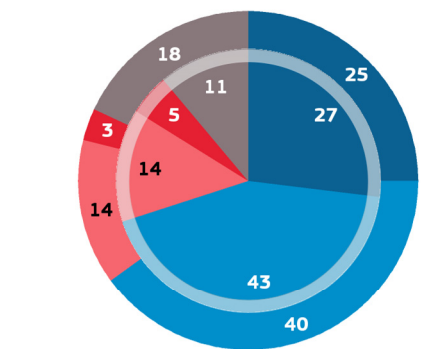
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7. ATTITUDES TOWARDS REDUCING FOSSIL FUEL IMPORTS AND TRANSITION TO CLEAN ENERGIES

QC4.3 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?

Reducing fossil fuel imports from outside the EU can benefit the EU economically (%)

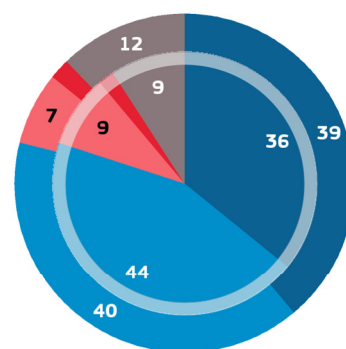


EU28  Outer pie HR  Inner pie

	EU28		HR	
	2017	2017-2015	2017	2017-2015
Totally agree	25	- 1	27	=
Tend to agree	40	+ 1	43	+ 4
Tend to disagree	14	=	14	+ 2
Totally disagree	3	- 1	5	=
Don't know	18	+ 1	11	- 6

QC4.5 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?

More public financial support should be given to the transition to clean energies even if it means subsidies to fossil fuels should be reduced (%)



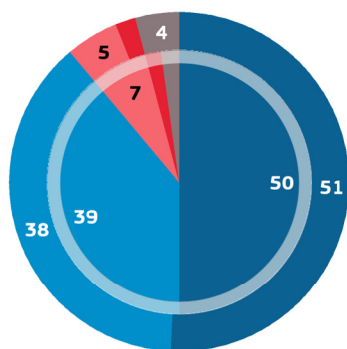
 Totally agree
 Tend to agree
 Tend to disagree
 Totally disagree
 Don't know

EU28  Outer pie HR  Inner pie

8. LOOKING TO THE FUTURE

QC7 How important do you think it is that the (NATIONALITY) government sets targets to increase the amount of renewable energy used, such as wind or solar power, by 2030?

(%)

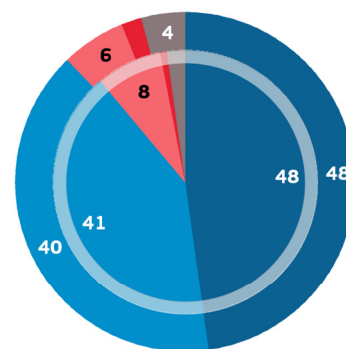


EU28  Outer pie HR  Inner pie

	EU28		HR	
	2017	2017-2015	2017	2017-2015
Very important	51	- 1	50	- 1
Fairly important	38	- 1	39	- 3
Not very important	5	=	7	+ 3
Not at all important	2	+ 1	2	+ 1
Don't know	4	+ 1	2	=

QC8 How important do you think it is that the (NATIONALITY) government provides support for improving energy efficiency by 2030 (e.g. by encouraging people to insulate their home or buy electric cars)?

(%)



EU28  Outer pie HR  Inner pie

	EU28		HR	
	2017	2017-2015	2017	2017-2015
Very important	48	- 4	48	=
Fairly important	40	=	41	- 2
Not very important	6	+ 1	8	+ 3
Not at all important	2	+ 1	1	=
Don't know	4	+ 2	2	- 1